

Porina nuculastrum (Müll. Arg.) R. C. Harris

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Clathroporina nuculastrum Müll. Arg., *Flora*, 67: 618 (1884). — *Verrucaria nuculastrum* (Müll. Arg.) Stizenb., *Ber. Thätigk. St. Gallisch. Naturw. Gesellsch.* 1889-1890: 210 (1891). Typus: Madagascar, Nosy Bé I. ('Nossi-bé'), on bark, [1879], J. M. Hildebrandt (Holotypus: G!; isotypus: FH!).

Clathroporina elabens Müll. Arg., *Bot. Jahrb.* 6: 403 (1885). Typus: Cuba, on bark, 1856-1858, C. Wright (*Verrucariae Cubenses* 216; holotypus: G!; isotypus: UPS!).

Clathroporina confinis Müll. Arg., *Bot. Jahrb.* 6: 403 (1885). Typus: Cuba, on bark, 1856-1858, C. Wright (*Verrucariae Cubenses* 23 'pr. p.'; holotypus: G!).

Clathroporina chlorocarpa Müll. Arg., *Bull. Soc. bot. Belg.* 30: 90 (1891). Typus: Costa Rica, Baie de Salinas, on bark, 1890, M. H. Pittier 5332 (Holotypus: G!).

Thelenella verruculosa Vainio, *Ann. Acad. Sci. Fennica*, ser. A, 15(6): 351 (1921). — *Clathroporina verruculosa* (Vainio) Zahlbr., *Cat. lich. univ.* 8: 111 (1931). Typus: Philippines, Luzon, Nueva Vazcaya, near Dupax, on bark, March-April 1912, R. C. McGregor (Holotypus: TUR-V 31051!).

Polyblastiopsis floridana Fink ex Hedrick, *Mycologia* 25: 307 (1933). Typus: United States of America, Florida, on bark, ?B. Fink (Holotypus: MICH 2730!).

Thallus epiphlooidal, determinate, pale grey to grey-green or pale grey-brown, 40–80(–120) µm thick, sparingly to richly rimose, but not areolate, matt or slightly glossy (near the margins), heavily impregnated with crystals, remaining more-or-less adpressed to the substratum. *Surface* minutely or coarsely rugulose and/or verruculose, K-, becoming more intensely green when wetted. *Thallus* with a 4–10 µm thick, prosoplectenchymatous cortex. *Algae* *Trentepohlia*, subglobose to globose, 6–12(–15) × 6–11 µm. *Hyphae* 2–3 µm wide. *Prothallus* blackish or not apparent.

Perithecia usually very numerous, entirely immersed in hemispherical, thallus-dominated, (0.44–)0.68(–0.92) mm diam. verrucae. *Perithecial* apex plane to concave. *Ostiole* inconspicuous, at the centre of a medium grey-brown to dark brown, (0.08–)0.1–0.16(–0.22) mm diam. depression. *Involucellum* pale to medium brown to orange-brown, enclosing the excipulum. *Excipulum* pale brown to pale yellowish brown, c. 20 µm thick. *Centrum* subglobose to globose, 0.3–54 mm diam. *Paraphyses* simple to very sparingly branched, c. 1 µm thick. *Periphyses* simple to sparingly branched, 10–20(–30) × 1 µm. *Asci* elongate-fusiform, with a rounded apex, 8-spored, 180–250 × 30–50 µm. *Ascospores* submuriform to muriform, with 9–12 transverse septa, each loculus having (0–)1(–2) longitudinal or diagonal septa (in optical section), narrowly ellipsoid, to fusiform, irregularly biseriate in the asci, (49–)66.5(–95) × (13–)19.5(–24) µm (172 measured); contents clear. Submature ascospores with a 2–3 µm thick gelatinous sheath.

Conidiomata not seen.